Today and Other Expressions of Time

Welsh

for Parents

## TARGET LANGUAGE

Try and get these phrases into your everyday life as soon as you can.

One of the most valuable pieces of advice I had from another learner friend at Cylch
Ti a Fi, was: "Always start in Welsh! And then happily switch into English whenever
you need to. That way, over time, your Welsh will gradually build up and up and up!"

Bore da!	Good morning!
Helô, Sut mae! (pronounced	Hello!
Shw' mae in South Wales)	
Lisa / Meinir / Alun sy 'ma!	It's Lisa / Meinir / Alun / here!
(put your own name in)	(when introducing yourself in
	Welsh on the phone)

In this unit we learn the Welsh words for different periods of time. These words are invaluable when we want to tell our children what activities they will be doing that day or later on in the week.

## GEIRFA (Vocabulary)

Croeso!	Welcome!
Helô! Sut mae (Shw' mae)!	Hello!
bore	morning
prynhawn	afternoon
nos	night
bore 'ma / y bore 'ma*	this morning
prynhawn 'ma / y prynhawn 'ma / pnawn 'ma	this afternoon
heddiw	today
yfory / fory	tomorrow
wyth	eight

nos	night
wythnos	a week
yr wythnos yma / yr wythnos 'ma*	this week
yr wythnos nesa	next week
fory / yfory*	tomorrow
bore fory	tomorrow morning
prynhawn fory	tomorrow afternoon
nos yfory	tomorrow night
yma	here (also this, these)
Lisa sy 'ma!	It's Lisa here (to introduce yourself when
	you ring someone up)
unwaith eto	once more / once again
Hwyl fawr!	Goodbye!
Hwyl am y tro!	Bye for now!

<sup>\*</sup>People often say "bore 'ma" and "prynhawn 'ma" and "pnawn 'ma", but write "y bore 'ma" and "y prynhawn 'ma".

## SAYING 'HELLO' IN WELSH

I've not included all of these on the CD because all the complete beginners I've taught have known them: if you have ever done **one** lesson of Welsh (or been to Cylch Ti a Fi once) you will have covered them! They are so quick to pick up. But just to remind you:

Bore da!	Good morning!
Prynhawn da / Pnawn da!	Good afternoon!
Noswaith dda!	Good evening!
Helô!	Hello!
Shw' mae! (South Wales)	Hello!
Sut mae (North Wales)	Hello!
Sut wyt ti?	How are you ?(to a friend or child)
Sut dych chi?	How are you? (more formal, used with
	older people and for more than one person – see also uned 12)
Da iawn, diolch. A chi?	Very well thanks. And you?
Iawn, diolch. A ti?	Fine, thanks. And you?

They also often say "fory" but "yfory" is the written form.

They also often say "yr wythnos 'ma" but tend to write "yr wythnos yma".